



Cambridge IGCSE™ (9–1)

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BIOLOGY**0970/42**

Paper 4 Theory (Extended)

October/November 2024**1 hour 15 minutes**

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **all** questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- You may use a calculator.
- You should show all your working and use appropriate units.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 80.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

This document has **16** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.



- 1 (a) Organisms from the genus *Chlorella* are protocists.

State the additional information required to name *Chlorella* according to the binomial system.

..... [1]

- (b) Fig. 1.1 shows the structure of an organism from the genus *Chlorella*.

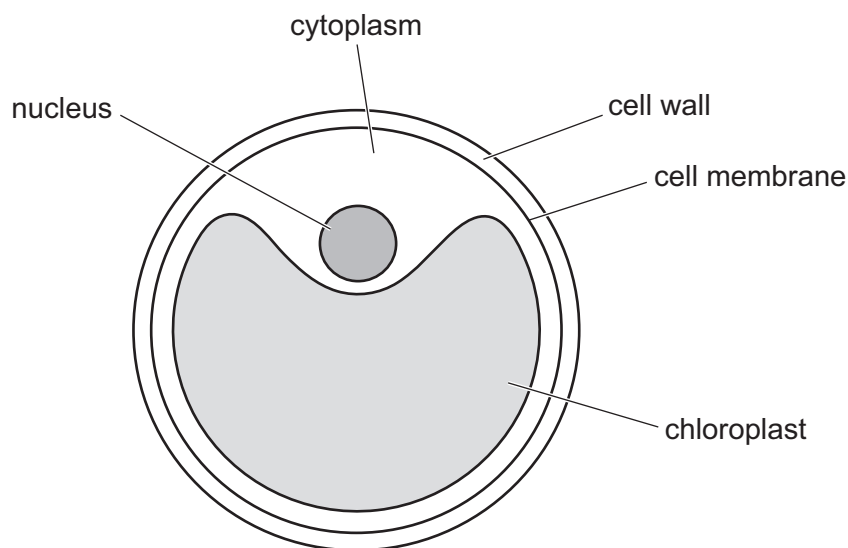


Fig. 1.1

- (i) Identify **two** cell structures in Fig. 1.1 that indicate that *Chlorella* is **not** a prokaryote.

1

2 [2]

- (ii) Identify **two** cell structures in Fig. 1.1 that are found in both fungi and protocists.

1

2 [2]

- (iii) State the names of **two other** kingdoms, apart from fungus, prokaryote and protocist.

..... and [1]





(c) *Chlorella* is sold as a nutritional supplement.

Spirulina is another nutritional supplement.

Table 1.1 shows some nutritional information for *Chlorella* and *Spirulina* supplements and the recommended daily intake for some nutrients.

Table 1.1

nutrient	mass of nutrient / mg per 100 g of supplement		average recommended daily intake in adults / mg per day
	<i>Chlorella</i> supplement	<i>Spirulina</i> supplement	
vitamin C	0.74	0.00	80.00
calcium	120.00	5.10	1000.00
iron	37.00	75.50	12.00

(i) One tablet contains 5 g of *Chlorella* supplement.

Using the information in Table 1.1, calculate the number of tablets of *Chlorella* supplement a person needs to take to provide the recommended daily intake of iron.

Give your answer to **one** decimal place.

Space for working.

..... tablets [3]

(ii) Explain the advantages of taking *Chlorella* as a dietary supplement rather than *Spirulina*.

Use the data in Table 1.1 to justify your answer.

.....

.....

.....

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.....





(iii) State the name of **one** food that is a principal dietary source of vitamin C.

..... [1]

(d) *Chlorella* is also a good source of protein.

(i) State the importance of proteins in active transport.

.....
.....
.....
.....
..... [2]

(ii) State the name of the smaller molecules that proteins are made from.

..... [1]

[Total: 17]

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- 2 (a) Fig. 2.1 is a diagram of the gas exchange system in humans.

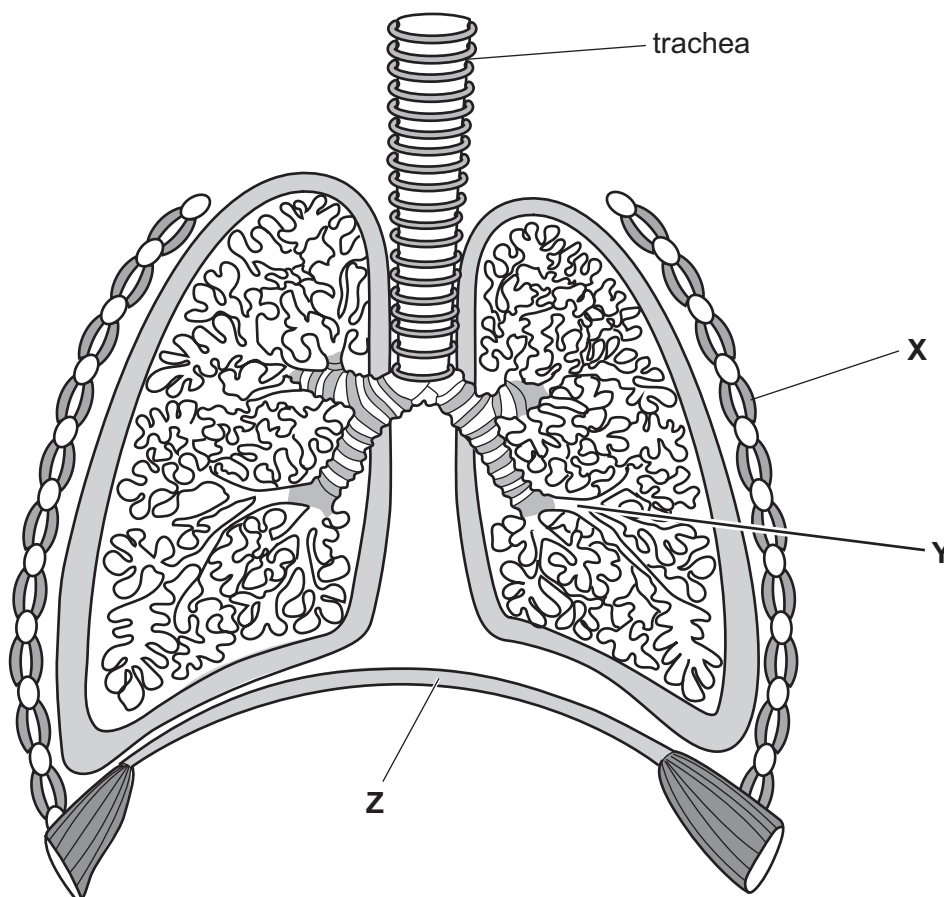


Fig. 2.1

- (i) State the names of the parts labelled **X**, **Y** and **Z** in Fig. 2.1.

X

Y

Z

[3]

- (ii) The wall of the trachea contains rings of tissue.

State the name of this tissue **and** describe its function.

name

function

[2]

- (iii) State the names of **two** types of cells responsible for protecting the breathing system from particles.

1

2

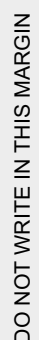
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[5]



(c) Complete the sentences to describe the effect of carbon dioxide concentration on breathing.

During physical activity, the carbon dioxide concentration of the blood

..... .

This is detected by the

This results in an increased rate and greater of breathing.

[3]

[Total: 15]





3 (a) Fig. 3.1 shows a kidney nephron and its associated blood vessels.

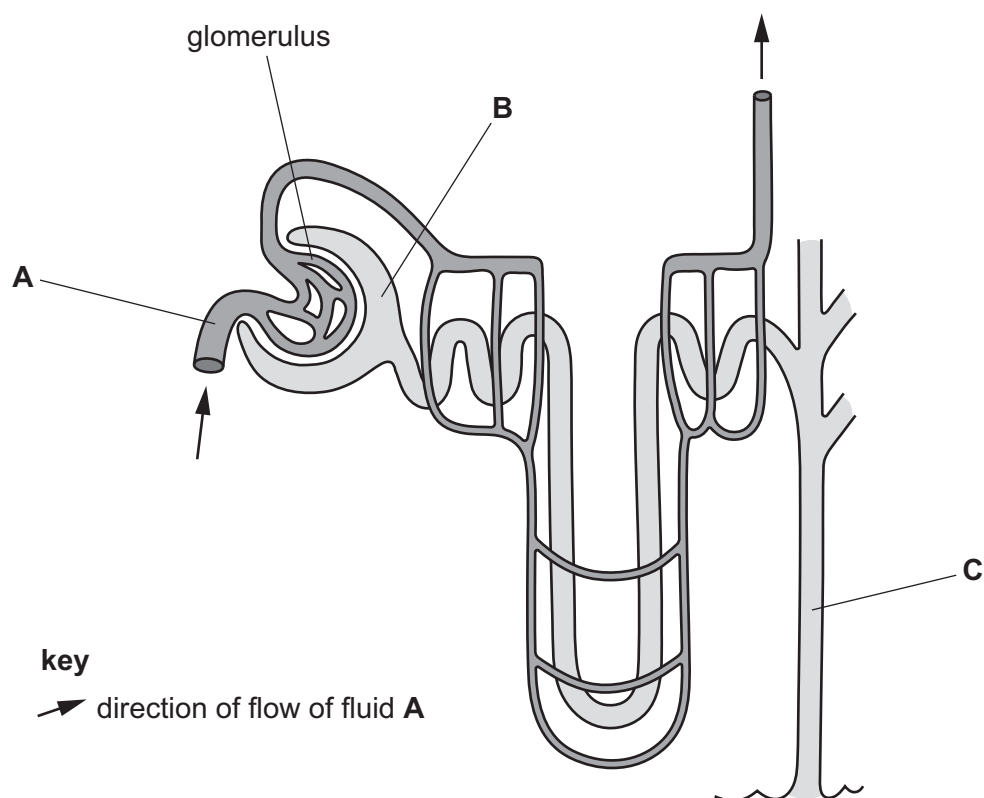


Fig. 3.1

The compositions of fluids A, B and C were analysed.

Table 3.1 shows the results for five components of the fluids.

Table 3.1

component	percentage concentration in fluid A	percentage concentration in fluid B	percentage concentration in fluid C
water	90.00	90.00	94.00
glucose	0.10	0.10	0.00
protein	8.00	0.00	0.00
urea	0.03	0.03	2.00
ions	0.72	0.72	1.50

(i) State the names of fluid A and fluid C in Fig. 3.1.

A

C

[2]





- (ii) Using the information in Fig. 3.1 and Table 3.1, describe **and** explain the differences in the compositions of fluids **A**, **B** and **C**.

[5]

- (b)** Outline how blood glucose concentration is controlled.

[6]





(c) A gene mutation may be involved in the development of type 1 diabetes.

(i) Describe what is meant by a gene mutation.

.....

.....

..... [2]

(ii) Outline the treatment of type 1 diabetes.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

..... [3]

[Total: 18]

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4 (a) Fig. 4.1 shows a diagram of two flowers from different plants of the same species.

(i) Describe what is meant by the term species.

.....

.....

.....

.....

..... [2]

(ii) Complete the diagram in Fig. 4.1 to show self-pollination and cross-pollination by:

- drawing **one** arrow to show the pathway of pollen during self-pollination **and** labelling this arrow self-pollination
- drawing **one** arrow to show the pathway of pollen during cross-pollination **and** labelling this arrow cross-pollination
- labelling the names of the structures involved in pollination.

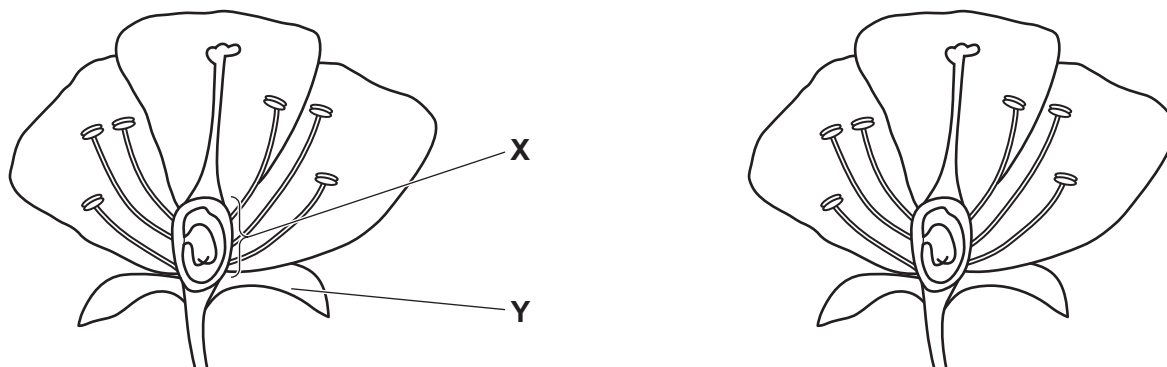


Fig. 4.1

[3]

(iii) State the function of the parts labelled **X** and **Y** in Fig. 4.1.

X

.....

Y

..... [2]





- (b) Explain why self-pollination that results in production of offspring is a form of sexual reproduction and **not** asexual reproduction.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

..... [3]

- (c) State the type of environmental conditions that hydrophytes are adapted to live in.

..... [1]

[Total: 11]



- 5 Fig. 5.1 is a pedigree diagram showing the inheritance of blood group in one family.

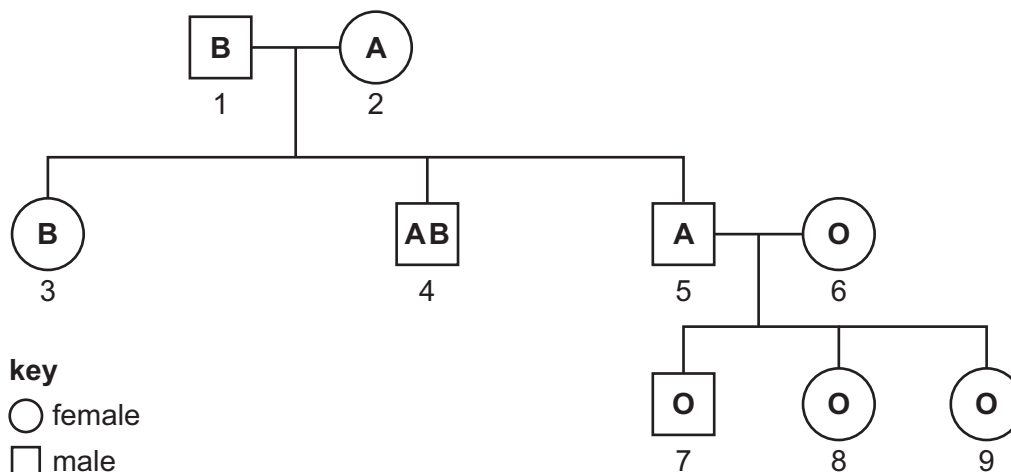


Fig. 5.1

- (a) State the number of people in Fig. 5.1 with:

XY chromosomes

only **one** I^A allele.

[2]

- (b) Explain how Fig. 5.1 shows that blood group is an example of discontinuous variation.

.....

 [2]

- (c) State **one** example of discontinuous variation in **plants**.

..... [1]





(d) Explain why the inheritance of blood group is an example of codominance.

.....

.....

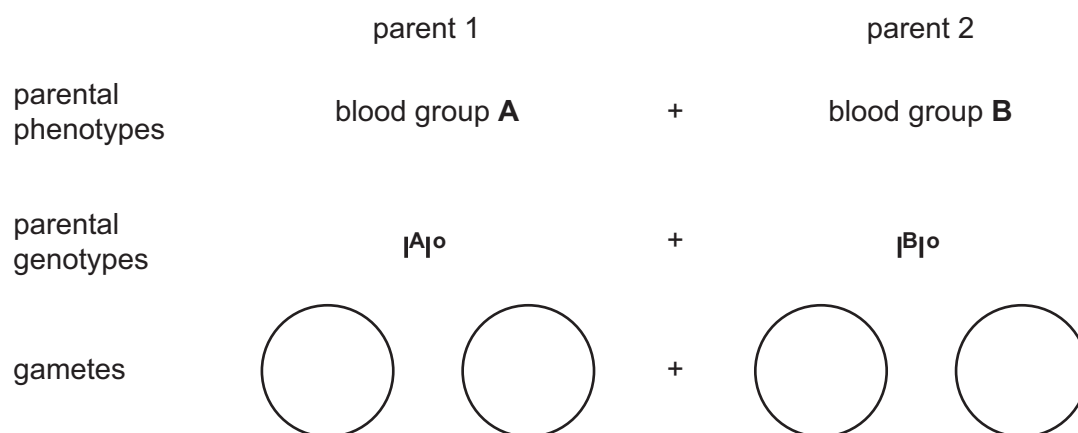
.....

.....

..... [2]

(e) A person with the genotype $I^A I^o$ has a child with a person with the genotype $I^B I^o$.

Complete the genetic diagram to determine the probability of the offspring having the blood group **AB**.



offspring genotypes				
offspring phenotypes				

probability of the offspring having the blood group **AB** [4]

[Total: 11]



- 6 (a) The flow chart in Fig. 6.1 shows one pathway of nitrogen as it travels through the nitrogen cycle.

Complete the flow chart in Fig. 6.1.

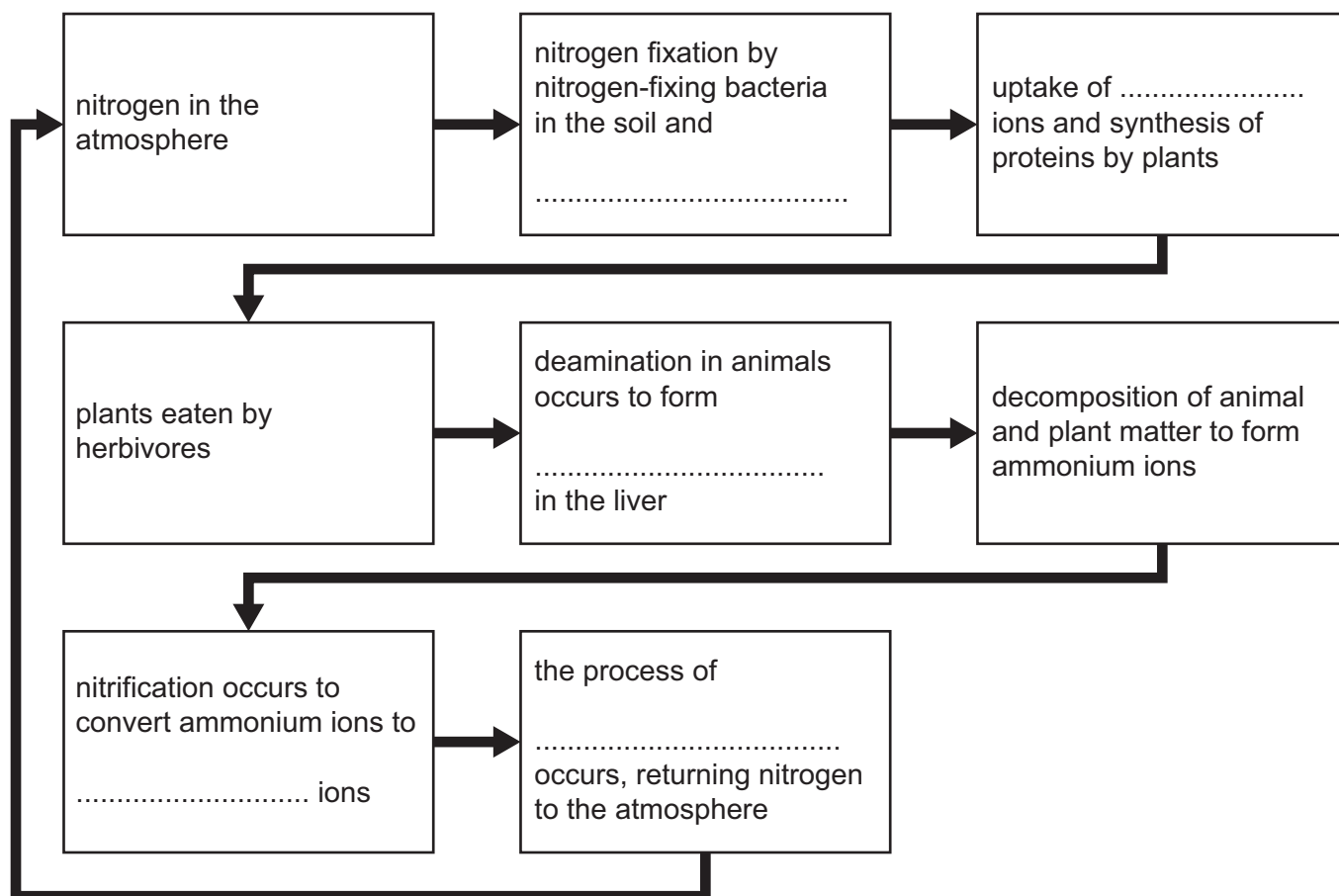


Fig. 6.1

[5]

- (b) State the names of **two** processes that occur in both the carbon and nitrogen cycles.

1

2 [2]

- (c) State the principal source of energy input to biological systems.

..... [1]

[Total: 8]

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